



TEST YOUR GRAMMAR

- 1 Complete these sentences about you.

 - 1 I look just like my . . . 4 After this class, I'd like to . . .
 - 2 I like my coffee . . .
- 5 When I'm on holiday, I enjoy . . .
- 3 On Sundays, I like . . .
- 6 Yesterday evening, I decided to . . .
- 2 Tell the class some of the things you wrote.



I look just like my dog.

A STUDENT VISITOR

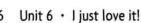
Questions with like

- 1 Many students go to study in a foreign country. Do you know anyone who has studied abroad?
- 2 Sandy and her friend Nina in Melbourne, Australia, are talking about a student visitor from South Korea. Complete the conversation using these questions.

What does she like doing? How is she now? What's she like? What does she look like? What would she like to do?

Sandy	Our student from Seoul arrived on	Nina	Why don't we do something
	Monday.		with Soon-hee this weekend?
Nina	What's her name?		What should we do? Get a pizza?
Sandy	Soon-hee.		Go clubbing? (4)
Nina	That's a pretty name!	Sandy	I'll ask her tonight. She was a bit
	(1)		homesick at first, so I'm pretty
Sandy	She's really nice. I'm sure we'll get on		sure she'll want to go out and
Larring	well. We seem to have a lot in common.		make some friends.
Nina	How do you know that already?	Nina	(5)
	(2)	Sandy	Oh, she's OK. She called her
Sandy	Well, she likes dancing, and so do I.	-	parents and she felt much better
	And we both like listening to the same		after she'd spoken to them.
	kind of music.	Nina	Oh, that's good. I can't wait to
Nina	(3)	Ivilia	meet her.
Sandy	Oh, she's really pretty. She has big,		meet ner.
	brown eyes and long, dark hair.		

T 6.1 Listen and check. Practise the conversation with a partner.



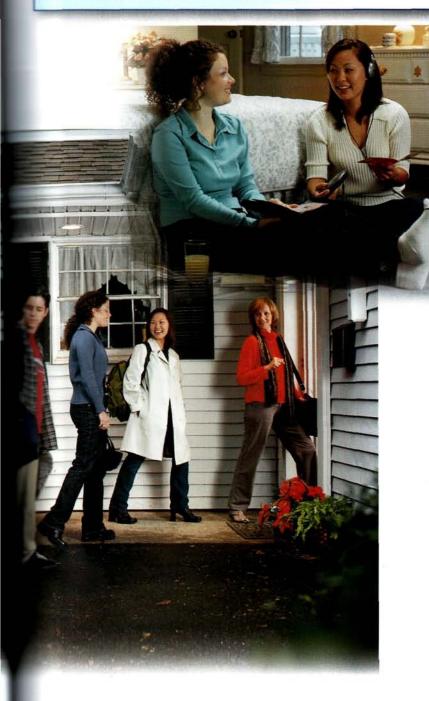
GRAMMAR SPOT

Write a question from exercise 2 next to the correct definition

Question	Definition
a	= Tell me about her because I don't know anything about her.
b	= Tell me about her physical appearance.
С	= Tell me about her interests and hobbies.
d	= Tell me about her preferences for tomorrow evening.
e	= Tell me about her health or happiness.

2 Which questions use like as a verb? Which questions use like as a preposition?

► Grammar Reference 6.1–6.3 pp142–143



PRACTICE

Talking about you

- 1 Ask and answer with a partner.
 - · What do you like doing at the weekend?
 - · Who do you look like in your family?
 - · How are your parents and grandparents?
 - · What is your best friend like?
 - · What's your school like?
 - · What does your teacher look like?

Listening and asking questions

- 2 T 6.2 Listen and tick (✓) the question each person is answering.
 - 1 ☐ Do you like Thai food? ■ What's Thai food like?



2 🔲	Who does Bridget look like?
	What's Bridget like?

3	How's your brother?
	What's your brother like?

4	What	does	she	like	?		
	200 To 1 10 Car	11.2			10	3552	

What does she look like?

5 What's the weather like there? ☐ Do you like the weather there?

6 What does he look like?

☐ What's he like?

7 What do you like doing on holiday?

☐ What was your holiday like?

8 What kind of books do you like?

■ What kind of books would you like?

A THANK-YOU LETTER

Verb patterns

Soon-hee has returned home to Seoul. Read her letter and choose the correct verb form.

Seoul December 15

Dear Sandy and family, I just wanted (1) (to say) / saying

thank you for (2) to have I having me as your quest in your beautiful home. I had a great time. I really enjoyed (3) meeting I to meet your friends. You all made me (4) feel I to feel so welcome. You know how much I missed my family at first, but you were so kind that I soon stopped

(5) to feel I feeling homesick. I can't find the words to tell you how grateful I am. I'a like

(6) to call I calling you. What's a good time to call?

You know that on my way home I stopped (7) to visit I visiting my aunt in Perth. It was so hot! It was over 35 degrees all the time but I absolutely loved it. My aunt wanted

(8) that I stay I me to stay longer, but I wanted

(9) to see I seeing my parents and my brother, Sang-chul. But she's invited me (10) to go I going back and I'd love (11) to do 1 to doing that. I'm thinking of (12) go 1 going next year.

Anyway, I'm looking forward to (13) hear I hearing from you very soon. Let me (14) to know I know if you ever want to visit Seoul. My brother and I could take you to a 'norebang' (a singing room). It's a bit like karaoke! Love to you all,

Soon-hee

p.s. Do you like the picture of Sang-chul and me?



Sang-chul and me





SON A DRIVE URNE 8100 RALIA

GRAMMAR SPOT

Verb patterns

- 1 Complete these examples from Soon-hee's letter.
 - a I really enjoyed ______ your friends.
 - b I just wanted _____ thank you.
 - c My aunt wanted _____

longer.

- d You all made _____ so welcome.
- e Thank you ____ me as your guest.
- 2 Match a sentence with a picture.
 - 1 They stopped to talk to each other.
 - 2 They stopped talking to each other.

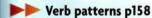




What's the difference in meaning between sentences 1 and 2?

3 Complete these examples from the letter.

I soon stopped homesick. I stopped _____ my aunt.



PRACTICE

What's the pattern?

1 Write the examples from Soon-hee's letter on the chart.

verb + -ing	verb + to + infinitive	verb + sb + to + infinitive	verb + sb + infinitive (no to)	preposition + -ing
enjoyed meeting				

2 T 6.4 Listen to the sentences. Write each verb in the correct column in exercise 1.

promise succeed in finish forget

tell ask

need don't mind let help

hate

look forward to

Check your answers on p158.

Discussing grammar

3	In these sentences, two verbs are correct and one is not. Tick (\checkmark) the
	correct verbs.

1 My father _____ to mend my bike. a promised b couldn't c tried

2 She her son to turn down his music.

 $a \square asked b \square wanted c \square made$

3 I _____ going on long walks.

a \square refuse b \square can't stand c \square love

4 We _____ to go shopping.

a \square need b \square 'd love c \square enjoy

5 She _____ me do the cooking.

a □ wanted b □ made c □ helped

6 I _____ working for the bank 20 years ago.

a \square started b \square stopped c \square decided

4 Make correct sentences using the other verbs in exercise 3.

My father couldn't mend my bike.

READING AND SPEAKING

The world's favourite food

- 1 Do you know any typical dishes from these countries? Discuss with the class.
 - Spain
- Japan
- Mexico

- Italy
- Hungary
- the United States
- Germany
- China
- England

Can you think of any foods that might be popular in all of the countries above?

2 Which of these are fish or seafood?

oil garlic anchovies eel squid herring salmon peas shrimp pineapple bacon tuna sweetcorn

T 6.5 Listen and repeat.

- 3 Work in groups. Read the text quickly and find the foods in exercise 2. How many other foods can you find?
- 4 Read the text again and answer the questions.
 - 1 What does McDonald's Golden Arches span the globe mean?
 - 2 What are the similarities and differences between the hamburger and the pizza?
 - 3 What year was pizza invented?
 - 4 Which came first, picea or plakuntos? How are they different from pizza?
 - 5 Why are Mexico and Peru important in the development of pizza?
 - 6 What do the Italian flag and a Pizza Margherita have in common?
 - 7 When and how did pizza become really popular in the United States?
- 5 Work in groups. Read Pizza Trivia again and make questions.

How many ...?

How much . . . ?

Which month ...?

Where and when ...?

Which toppings . . . ?

Close your books. Ask and answer questions.

What do you think?

- Which facts in Pizza Trivia do you find most interesting? Why?
- Why do different countries prefer such different toppings?
- Do you like pizza? What are your favourite toppings?
- · What are the most popular places to eat in your country? Why?
- What is your favourite place to eat?

Language work

Study the text and find an example of:

- · like used as a verb
- like used as a preposition
- verb + -ing form
- verb + infinitive
- adjective + infinitive





So you thought the hamburger was the world's most popular fast food? After all, McDonald's Golden Arches span the globe. But no, there is another truly universal fast food, the ultimate fast food. It's easy to make, easy to serve, much more varied than the hamburger, can be eaten with the hands, and it's delivered to your front door or served in fancy restaurants. It's been one of America's favourite foods for over 50 years. It is, of course, the pizza.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF PIZZA

It's kind of silly to talk about the moment when pizza was 'invented'. It gradually evolved over the years, but one thing's for certain - it's been around for a very long time. The idea of using pieces of flat, round bread as plates came from the Greeks. They called them 'plakuntos' and ate them with various simple toppings such as oil, garlic, onions, and herbs. The Romans enjoyed eating something similar and called it 'picea'. By about 1000 A.D. in the city of Naples, 'picea' had become 'pizza' and people were experimenting with more toppings: cheese, ham, anchovies, and finally the tomato, brought to Italy from Mexico and Peru in the sixteenth century. Naples became the pizza capital of

> the world. In 1889, King Umberto I and Queen Margherita heard about pizza and asked to try it. They invited pizza maker, Raffaele Esposito, to make it for them. He

decided to make the pizza like the Italian

flag, so he used red tomatoes, white mozzarella cheese, and green basil leaves. The Queen loved it and the new pizza was named 'Pizza Margherita' in her honour.

Pizza migrated to America with the Italians at the end of the nineteenth century. The first pizzeria in the United States was opened in 1905 at 531/2 Spring Street, New York City, by Gennaro Lombardi. But the popularity of pizza really exploded when American soldiers returned from Italy after World War II and raved about 'that great Italian dish'. Americans are now the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world.

- 1 Americans eat 350 slices of pizza per second.
- 2 There are 61,269 pizzerias in the United States.
- 3 Pizza is a \$30 billion per year industry.
- 4 October is national pizza month in the United States.
- 5 The world's first pizzeria, the Antica Pizzeria Port'Alba, which opened in Naples in 1830, is still there.
- 6 Pizza Hut has over 12,000 restaurants and takeaway outlets in over 90 countries.
 - 7 In America, pepperoni is the favourite topping. Anchovies is the least favourite.
 - 8 In Japan, eel and squid are favourites. In Russia it's red herring, salmon, and onions.
 - 9 In Brazil, they like green peas on their pizza. In Australia the favourites are shrimp and pineapple.
 - 10 The French love bacon and crème fraîche on theirs. The English love tuna and sweetcorn.

VOCABULARY

Adjectives for food, towns, and people

1 In each group, four of the adjectives cannot go with the noun. Which ones?

junk	fast	t	delicious	ta	steless
disgusting frozen	disgussed rich	home	OD -grown	plain vegeta wealthy	tasteful arian starving
polluted		industrial	old WN historic	univer modern agricultur	young
young expended bored		PEC	long,	elderly shy s rude	antique tarving tall
wealt	hy	sociable	outgoing	crowded	(0.000000000000000000000000000000000000

2 Complete the conversations with adjectives from exercise 1. Where necessary, use the comparative or superlative forms.

]	A	Nick's really quiet and He never says a word.
	В	Yeah, his brother is much
7		What's Carrie's boyfriend like? Well, he's, dark, and handsome, but he's not very polite. In fact, he's even than Carrie!
3		How was your lunch? Ugh! It was awful. The pizza was We were really, but we still couldn't eat it!
4		Mmm! These tomatoes are really Did you grow them yourselves? Yes, we did. All our vegetables are
		Did you have a good time in London? We had a great time. There's so much to do. It's a really city. And there are so many people from all over the world. I think it's nearly as as New York.

T 6.6 Listen and check. Practise the conversations with a partner.

Talking about you

3 Work with a partner. Look at p153.

LISTENING AND SPEAKING

New York and London

1 Look at the pictures of New York and London. Write down what you know about these cities. Compare your lists as a class. Has anyone been to either city?





2 Work in two groups.

Group A 16.7 Listen to Justin and Cinda who are English but live and work in New York.

Group B T 6.8 Listen to Alan, an American, who lives and works in London.

What do they say about these things?

- people
- · work/holidays
- shops

- places
- · getting around
- · food
- 3 Find a partner from the other group. Compare your information.





WRITING: A description (1)

Go to p110

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Signs and sounds

1 Where would you see these things written?



Coats and other articles left at owner's risk.

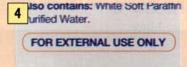
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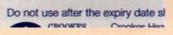




8 LIGHIS
SMOKING CAUSES
FATAL DISEASES



Baggage reclaim



KEEP CLEAR

2 Where would you hear these things?

Coming up next – traffic, news, and the weather.

Please listen carefully to the following options. To purchase tickets for today's performance, press one . . .

Please place your tray tables in their fully upright and locked positions.

How would you like the money?

Just looking, thanks.

We apologize for the delay on the 18.13 service.