

# index

- Accelerated failure tests, 177  
Acceptors, 390, 461  
Accumulation, 570  
Accumulation region, 444  
Activated state, 98  
Activation energy, 98  
Activator, 820, 841  
  excitation, 822  
Active device, defined, 570  
Affinity, electron, 375, 386, 462  
Allotropy, 61–63, 102  
  transition temperature, 61  
Alloy, 178  
  ternary, iii–v, 545  
Amorphous semiconductors, 78–82,  
  458–461  
  bandgap, 460  
  extended states, 458, 462  
  localized states, 459, 463  
  mobility edge, 460  
  tail states, 460  
Amorphous solids, 78–82, 98–99  
Ampere's law, 693  
Angular momentum, 269  
  intrinsic, 245–247  
  orbital, 232  
  potential energy, 249–250  
  total, 252–253  
Antion, 6, 15, 99  
Anisotropic magnetoresistance (AMR),  
  744–748, 762  
Anisotropic, magnetocrystalline, 706–708  
  shape, 725, 763  
Antibonding orbital, 286, 288  
Antiferromagnetism, 699, 759  
Antireflection coating, 570, 802–803  
Arrhenius rate equation, 47  
a-Si:H, 82, 459  
Aspect ratio, 175  
Atomic concentration, 55  
Atomic magnetic moments, 687–688  
  Bohr magneton, 688, 759  
  unfilled subshells, 688  
Atomic mass, 8  
Atomic mass number, 8  
Atomic mass units (amu), 8, 99  
Atomic number, 4  
  effective ( $Z_{\text{eff}}$ ), 240  
Atomic packing factor (APF), 55, 99  
Atomic structure, 3–8  
  orbital angular momentum quantum  
  number, 4, 232, 270  
  principal quantum number, 4, 232, 270  
  shell, 4, 239  
  subshells, 4, 239  
Atomic weight. *See* Atomic mass  
Attenuation, 841  
Attenuation coefficient, 841  
Attenuation in optical fibers, 817–819  
  graph, 818  
  Rayleigh scattering limit, 819  
Avalanche breakdown, 502–504, 570  
Avalanche effect, 503  
Average free time (in electron drift), 117.  
  *See also* Mean free time  
Avogadro's number, 8, 25, 99  
  
*B* versus *H*, 716–717  
Balmer series, 278  
Balmer-Rydberg formula, 245  
Band theory of solids, 291–299  
Bandgap (energy gap)  $E_g$ , 302, 355, 357,  
  375, 464  
  direct band gap, 430, 451  
  indirect band gap, 430, 452  
  mobility gap, 460  
  narrowing and emitter injection  
  efficiency, 576  
  temperature dependence, 467  
Bardeen-Cooper-Schrieffer  
  photo, 731  
  theory, 739  
Barkhausen effect, 715  
Basis, 50, 95, 99  
BCC (body centered cubic). *See* Crystal  
  structure  
BCS theory. *See* Bardeen-Cooper-  
  Schrieffer  
BCT (body centered tetragonal). *See*  
  Crystal structure  
Bednorz, J. George, 684  
Beer-Lambert law, 428  
Biaxial crystals, 828  
  negative, 828  
  positive, 828  
Binary eutectic phase diagrams, 90–95  
Bipolar junction transistor, 475, 506–522,  
  570  
   $\alpha$ , 509–510  
  active region, 511  
  amplifier, CB, 515–517  
   $\beta$ , 510, 521  
  base, 506  
  base transport factor,  $\alpha_T$ , 509–510  
  base-width modulation, 512, 570. *See*  
  *also* Early effect  
  collector, 506  
  collector junction, 507, 570  
  common base (CB) configuration,  
  506–517  
  common emitter (CE) DC characteris-  
  tics, 517–518  
  current gain  $\alpha$ , CB, 509–510  
  current transfer ratio  $\alpha$ , 509, 514  
  emitter, 506  
  emitter injection efficiency, 513–514,  
  575  
  emitter junction, 507, 571  
  emitter current, 509  
  equations, *prep* BJT, 574–575  
  input resistance, 516, 519  
  power gain, 509  
  saturated operating region, 518  
  small signal equivalent circuit, 572  
  small signal low-frequency model,  
  518–522  
transconductance, 520  
transistor action, 509  
transit time, minority carrier, 510  
voltage gain, 516, 520  
Birefringence. *See also* Retarding plates  
circular, 835–837  
crystals, 827, 841  
of calcite, 832–833  
of calcite crystal, photo, 828  
BJT. *See* Bipolar junction transistor  
Blackbody radiation, 201–205  
Planck's formula, 203  
Rayleigh-Jeans law, 203  
Stefan's black body radiation law, 203  
Stefan's constant, 203  
Wien's law, 277  
Black's equation, 177, 178  
Block wall, 706, 708–711, 759  
  potential energy, 710  
  thickness, 710  
Bloch wavefunctions, 450, 461, 462  
Bohr magneton, 280, 688, 759  
Bohr model, 3  
Bohr radius, 233, 239  
Bohr's correspondence principle, 217  
Boltzmann constant, 28  
Boltzmann energy distribution, 39  
Boltzmann factor, 38  
Boltzmann statistics, 312–313, 363,  
  479, 661  
Bond, general, 9–25  
  energy, 11, 99  
  length, 10  
  polar, 22  
  primary, 9–18, 102  
  relative angle, 78  
  secondary 18–22, 102  
  switching, 155  
  twisting, 79  
Bonding and types of solids, 9–25  
Bonding (binding) energy, 11, 99  
Bonding orbital, 286, 288  
Boson particle, 740  
Bound charges, 589  
Boundary conditions  
  dielectrics, 614–620, 670  
  electric field, 794  
  magnetic field, 794  
  quantum mechanics, 210  
Bragg diffraction condition, 194, 269, 356,  
  848–852  
  Bragg angle, 849  
  diffracted beam, 848  
  diffraction angle, 849  
  for cubic crystals, 851  
Bragg distributed reflector, 568  
Bragg's law. *See* Bragg diffraction  
  condition  
Brass, 178, 182  
Bravais lattices, 95–98  
  unit cell geometry, 56, 97  
Bronze, 178  
Brewster's angle, 796, 841

- Brillouin zones, 355, 357–361  
 Buckminsterfullerene. *See* Carbon  
 Built-in field, 570  
 Built-in potential, 421–422, 478–480  
 Built-in voltage, 570  
 Bulk modulus, 99
- Capacitance**  
 definition, 584  
 per unit volume, 634  
 temperature coefficient (TCC), 636  
 volume efficiency, 634
- Capacitor**  
 constructions, 631–634  
 dielectric materials, 631  
 dielectrics table, 635, 678  
 electrolytic, 633  
 equivalent circuits for parallel and series, 676  
 polyester (PET), 636, 677  
 polymeric film, 632  
 tantalum, 634  
 temperature coefficient, 636  
 types compared, 631, 635, 678
- Carbon**, 61–63  
 amorphous, 63  
 Buckminsterfullerene, 61–62  
 diamond, 61, 62  
 graphite, 61, 62  
 lonsdaleite, 62  
 properties (table), 63
- Carbon nanotube (CNT)**, 63, 336, 370  
 field enhancement factor, 370
- Carrier concentration**  
 majority carrier, 410  
 minority carrier, 410  
 of extrinsic semiconductor, 388–392  
 of intrinsic semiconductor, 380–387  
 saturation temperature, 397  
 temperature dependence of, 396–401  
 extrinsic range, 398  
 intrinsic range, 398  
 ionization range, 397
- Cathode**, 363  
**Cathodoluminescence**, 335, 820, 843  
**Cation**, 6, 15, 99  
**Cauchy coefficients (table)**, 782  
**Cauchy dispersion equation**, 783, 784  
**CB**. *See* Conduction band  
**Ceramic magnets**, 726  
**Ceramic materials**, 22  
**Chemisorption**, 74  
**Chip (integrated circuit)**, 570  
**Circular birefringence**, 835–837, 841  
 media, 836  
 optical activity, 835  
 specific rotary power, 836, 844
- Cladding**, 791  
**Clausius-Mossotti equation**, 593–594, 602, 670  
**Coaxial cable failure**, 628–631  
 thermal breakdown, 678–679  
**Coercive field (coercivity)**, 715, 759  
**Cohesive energy**, 17  
**Cole-Cole plots**, 611–614  
**Collimated beam**, 36  
**Common Base (CB) BJT configuration**.  
*See* Bipolar junction transistor  
**Compensated semiconductor**, 461  
**Compensation doping**, 392–396, 461, 465  
**Complementary principle**, 269  
**Complex dielectric constant**, 605–611, 804–811  
 loss angle, 610  
 loss tangent, 607  
 relaxation peak, 607  
**Complex propagation constant**, 805, 842  
**Complex refractive index**, 804–811, 842, 845–847  
 extinction coefficient, 805, 842  
 for a-Si, 806  
 of InP, 808  
 resonance absorption, 809–811  
**Complex relative permittivity**. *See*  
 Complex dielectric constant  
**Compton effect**, 269  
**Compton scattering**, 199–202  
**Conduction**, 114–122, 416–422  
 in metals, 318–320  
 in semiconductors, 378–380  
 in silver, 319  
**Conduction band (CB)**, 302, 374–378, 461  
**Conduction electron concentration**, 115, 148  
**Conduction electrons**, 115, 155, 181, 299  
**Conduction in solids**  
 electrical, 113–148  
 thermal, 149–154  
 in thin films, 166–167  
**Conductivity**  
 activation energy for, 161  
 electrical, 178, 180–181  
 of extrinsic semiconductor, 389  
 of Fermi level electrons in metal, 318  
 of intrinsic semiconductor, 380  
 of ionic crystals and glasses, 159–162  
 lattice-scattering-limited, 124  
 of metals, 114, 350–352, 367  
 of nonmetals, 154–162  
 of semiconductors, 155–159  
 temperature dependence of, 122–125, 404–406  
**Conductivity-mixture rule**, 140  
**Contact potential**, 320–322  
**Continuity equation**, 422–427  
 steady state, 424–427  
 time-dependent, 422–423  
**Continuous random network (CRN)**  
 model, 79  
**Cooper pairs**, 740, 759  
**Coordination number (CN)**, 12, 17  
 definition, 99  
**Core**, 791  
**Corona discharge**, 622, 670  
**Covalent bond**, 99  
**Covalent solids**, 595–596  
**Covalently bonded solids**, 11–13  
**Critical angle**, 842  
**Critical electric field**, 571  
**Crystal**, 99  
**Crystal directions and planes**, 56–61, 110  
**Crystal lattice**, 49–63  
 different types, 97  
**Crystal periodicity**, 49  
 strained around a point defect, 66  
**Crystal structure**, 50  
 body-centered cubic (BCC), 51, 97, 109  
 body-centered tetragonal (BCT), 97, 98  
 close-packed, 13, 51  
 CsCl, 54  
 diamond cubic, 52, 109  
 face-centered cubic (FCC), 14, 50, 55, 97, 100  
 diffraction pattern (figure), 852  
 hexagonal close-packed (HCP), 51  
 NaCl, 51–53  
 polymorphic, 61  
 properties (table), 54  
 study using x-ray diffraction, 849–852  
 Laue technique, 850  
 powder technique, 851  
 types, 49–56, 97  
 zinc blende (ZnS), 53, 109
- Crystal surface**, 73–76  
 absorption, 74  
 adsorption, 74  
 chemisorption, 74  
 dangling bonds, 74, 81  
 Kossel model, 74  
 passivating layer, 74  
 physisorption (physical adsorption), 74  
 reconstructed, 74  
 terrace-ledge-kink model, 74  
**Crystal symmetry**, 98  
**Crystal systems**, 98  
**Crystal types**, 49–56  
**Crystalline defects**, 64–76  
**Crystalline solid**, 49  
**Crystalline state**, 49–63  
**Crystallization**, 99  
 from melt, 70  
 nuclei, 70  
**Cubic crystals**, 97  
 interplanar separation, 851  
**Cubic symmetry**, 50  
**Curie temperature**, 648, 650, 670, 703–704  
 table, 704  
**Curie-Weiss law**, 697  
**Current in plane (CIP)**, 747  
**Czochralski growth**, 76–77
- Dangling bonds**, 81  
**De Broglie relationship**, 205–207, 269  
**Debye equations**, 611–614, 670  
 non-Debye relaxation, 614  
**Debye loss peak**, 612  
**Debye heat capacity**, 342–348  
**Debye frequency**, 344, 363  
**Debye temperature**, 344, 363  
 table, 346  
**Defect structures**, 75–76  
**Deformation, plastic (permanent)**, 69  
**Degeneracy**, 230  
 three-fold, 230  
**Degenerate semiconductor**, 406, 461  
**Degree of freedom**, 28  
**Delocalized electrons**, 13  
 electron cloud or gas, 13, 295  
**Demagnetization**, 717–719  
**Density of states**, 305–311, 315–316, 363, 380–382, 429  
 effective density at CB edge, 382, 461  
 effective density at VB edge, 382  
**Density of vibrational states**, 364  
**Dephasing**. *See* Demagnetization  
**Depletion capacitance**, 498–499, 564  
**Depletion region**. *See* pn junction  
**Depolarizing field**, 657–658  
 depolarizing factor, 657  
**Diamagnetism**, 696–698  
 dephasing, 718  
**Dichroism**, 833  
**Dielectric breakdown**, 620–631  
 aging effects, 621  
 breakdown mechanisms compared, 628  
 in coaxial cables, 628–631, 678–679  
 electrical tree, 626  
 electrofracture, 624–625, 671  
 electromechanical, 624–625, 671  
 electron avalanche breakdown, 623  
 electronic, 623–624, 671  
 external discharges, 627–628, 671  
 in gases, 621–622  
 internal discharges, 625–626, 671  
 intrinsic, 623–624, 671  
 in liquids, 622–623  
 loss, 603–611  
 partial discharge, 621–622, 672  
 in solids, 623–631  
 surface tracking, 628, 671, 672  
 table, 621

- Dielectric breakdown—*Cont.*  
 thermal, 624, 673  
 water treeing, 627
- Dielectric materials, 583–683  
 constant. *See* Relative permittivity  
 definition, 670  
 dispersion relation, 666  
 loss, 603–611, 670  
 loss table, 611  
 low- $\kappa$ , 175  
 properties (table), 678  
 strength, 584, 620–621, 670. *See also*  
 Dielectric breakdown  
 strength table, 621  
 volume efficiency, 634
- Dielectric mirrors, 803, 842
- Dielectric mixtures, 667–669  
 effective dielectric constant, 667  
 Lichtencker formula, 668  
 logarithmic mixture rules, 668  
 Maxwell-Garnett formula, 669
- Dielectric resonance, 607, 662–667, 670  
 frictional force, 663  
 Lorentz dipole oscillator model, 664  
 natural angular frequency, 664  
 peak, 665  
 relaxation peak, 665  
 resonant angular frequency, 664  
 restoring force, 663  
 spring constant, 663
- Diffraction, 269, 848–852. *See also* Bragg  
 diffraction condition  
 angle, 849  
 beam, 848  
 patterns (figure), 193, 852  
 study of crystal structure, 352–361,  
 849–852
- Diffraction grating, 851
- Diffusion, 46–49, 99, 416–422, 461, 571  
 coefficient, 48, 99, 420  
 current, 484  
 current density, 416, 418  
 diffusion length, 424, 427, 483  
 mean free path, 416–417
- Diffusion capacitance, 500–502, 571  
 diode action, 501  
 dynamic conductance, 501  
 dynamic (incremental) resistance,  
 500, 571
- Diffusion coefficient, 420
- Diode. *See* *pn* Junction  
 action, 501  
 equation, 488  
 laser, 266–269  
 long, 572  
 photodiodes, 564–566  
 short, 486, 572
- Dipolar (orientational) polarization,  
 598–600, 660–662, 670  
 Langevin function, 661–662  
 relaxation equation, 670  
 relaxation process, 604, 670  
 relaxation time, 604
- Dipole moment. *See* Electric dipole  
 moment; Magnetic dipole moment
- Dipole relaxation, 604–607, 670
- Dipole-dipole interaction, 20–21
- Dirac, Paul Adrien Maurice, 314
- Direct recombination capture  
 coefficient, 469
- Dislocations, 68–70, 99  
 edge, 68, 99  
 screw, 69, 102
- Dispersion relation, 364, 666, 842. *See*  
*also* Refractive index
- Dispersive medium, 785, 842
- Domains. *See* Ferromagnetism
- Donors, 389, 461
- Doping, 388–396  
 compensation, 392–394  
*n*-type, 384, 388–390  
*p*-type, 384, 390–392  
 Doppler effect, 265, 269
- Double-heterostructure (DH) device, 547
- Drift mobility, 117, 401–404  
 definition, 178  
 due to ionic conduction, 162  
 effective, 127, 403  
 impurity dependence, 401–404  
 impurity-scattering-limited, 127, 403, 462  
 lattice-scattering-limited, 127, 402, 463  
 tables, 146, 386  
 temperature dependence, 401–404
- Drift velocity, 114, 118, 121, 157,  
 178, 379
- Drude model, 114–122, 319
- Dulong-Petit rule, 30, 344
- Dynamic (incremental) resistance,  
 500–502, 571
- Early effect, 512, 570
- Early voltage, 538
- Eddy currents and losses, 760, 766
- Effective mass, 303–305, 364, 379,  
 453–455, 462
- EHP. *See* Electron-hole pairs
- Eigenenergy, 214
- Eigenfunction, 210
- Einstein relation, 188, 419, 462
- E-k* diagrams, 448–452
- Elastic modulus, 24–25, 100
- Electric dipole moment, 19, 100, 583,  
 585–589, 670  
 definition, 19, 100, 670  
 induced, 20, 586, 779–780  
 in nonuniform electric field, 674–675  
 permanent, 15, 19, 598  
 relaxation time, 604
- Electric displacement, 654–658  
 depolarizing factor, 657  
 depolarizing field, 657
- Electric susceptibility, 591, 671
- Electrical conductivity, 178, 180–181
- Electrical contacts, 143–144
- Electrical noise, 42–45, 108. *See also* Noise  
 Johnson resistor noise equation, 44  
 rms noise voltage, 44
- Electrochemical potential, 321
- Electrodeposition, 167
- Electroluminescence, 544, 820, 843  
 injection, 823
- Electromechanical coupling factor, 642
- Electromigration, 172  
 accelerated failure tests, 177  
 of Al-Cu interconnects, 189  
 barrier, 177  
 definition, 178  
 hillock, 177  
 mean time to 50 percent failure, 177  
 rate, 177  
 void, 177
- Electromigration and Black's equation,  
 176–177
- Electron  
 average energy in CB, 385, 462  
 average energy in metal, 317, 363  
 concentration in CB, 382, 388–390, 392  
 conduction electrons, 115, 155, 181, 299  
 confined, 212–217  
 crystal momentum 451, 454, 813–814  
 current due to, 419  
 diffraction in crystals, 352–361  
 diffraction patterns, 206  
 diffusion current density, 418  
 effective mass, 303–305, 364, 379,  
 453–455, 462  
 effective speed in metals, 317  
 energy in hydrogenic atom, 236–241  
 energy in metals, 317  
 Fermi-Dirac statistics, 123  
 gas, 295  
 group velocity, 454  
 magnetic dipole moment, 248–252  
 mean recombination time (*p-n* junction),  
 487  
 mobility, 379  
 momentum, 214  
 motion and drift, 452–453  
 in a potential box, 228–230  
 spin, 245–247, 271  
 spin resonance (ESR), 280  
 standing wave, 353  
 surface scattering, 168–172  
 as a wave, 205–212, 352–354  
 wavefunction in hydrogenic atom,  
 231–236  
 wavefunction in infinite PE well, 229  
 wavelength, 207
- Electron affinity, 6, 100, 375, 436, 462
- Electron beam deposition, 80, 167
- Electron drift mobility. *See* Drift mobility
- Electron spin resonance (ESR), 280
- Electronegativity, 22, 100
- Electron-hole pairs, 376–378  
 generation, 302, 376–378, 383, 410–414  
 mean thermal generation time, 490  
 recombination, 377–378, 412, 457–458
- Electronic impurity, 546
- Electronic (quantum) state, 234, 247
- Electro-optic effects, 837–841, 842  
 field induced refractive index, 838  
 Kerr effect, 838, 842  
 noncentrosymmetric crystals, 838  
 Pockels effect, 838, 843
- Electroresistivity, 431, 463
- Energy bands, 291–295, 305–308
- Energy density, 269, 695
- Energy gap ( $E_g$ ). *See* Bandgap
- Energy, quantized, 214, 236–241  
 ground state energy, 215  
 in the crystal, 462  
 infinite potential well, 230
- Energy versus crystal momentum plot. *See*  
*E-k* diagrams
- Epitaxial layer, 544, 571
- Equilibrium, 100
- Equilibrium state, 41, 100
- Eutectic composition, 93, 100
- Eutectic phase diagrams, 90–95
- Eutectic point, 91
- Eutectic transformation, 92
- Evanescent wave, 798  
 attenuation coefficient, 798  
 penetration depth, 799
- Excess carrier concentration, 410, 462,  
 468–469
- Exchange integral, 702
- Exchange interaction, 700–703, 760
- Excitation  
 activator, 822  
 host, 822
- Excited atom, 6
- Extended states, 458, 462
- External quantum efficiency, 571
- External reflection, 798, 801–802, 846
- Extinction coefficient, 805, 842
- Extrinsic semiconductors, 388–396, 462,  
 464–465
- Family of directions in a crystal, 58
- Family of planes in a crystal, 59
- Fermi energy, 294, 314, 317, 320–322,  
 364, 366, 435–436, 462  
 in intrinsic semiconductor, 384

- in a metal, 315–317  
table, 295
- Fermi surface, 359
- Fermi-Dirac statistics, 123, 312–315, 364
- Ferrimagnetism, 700, 760
- Ferriite antenna, 767–768
- Ferrites, 723, 760, 767–768. *See also* Ferrimagnetism
- Ferroelectric crystals, 647–653, 671
- ferroelectric axis, 649
- Ferromagnetism, 699, 760
- closure domains, 706
- domain wall energy, 709–711, 760, 764–765
- domain wall motion, 712–713
- domain walls, 706, 708–711, 760
- domains, 699, 705–706, 761
- electrostatic interaction energy, 701
- energy band model, 742–744
- magnetocrystalline anisotropy, 706–708
- materials table, 704
- ordering, 699
- origin, 700–703
- polycrystalline materials, 713–717
- Fick's first law, 418
- Field assisted tunneling probability, 334
- Field effect transistor, 571. *See* JFET; MOSFET
- Field emission, 332–337, 364
- Field emission tip, 335
- anode, 335
- gate, 335
- Spindt tip cathode, 335
- Field enhancement factor, 370
- Fluence
- energy, 275
- photon, 276
- Fluorescence, 820, 842
- Flux, defined, 269
- luminous, 853
- of particles, 416
- of photons, 198, 853
- photometric, 853
- radiant, 853
- Flux quantization, 758–759
- Forward bias, 487–489. *See also* pn Junction
- Fourier's law, 150, 178
- Fowler-Nordheim
- anode current, 335
- equation, 334
- field emission current, 370
- Fraunhofer, 244–245
- Free surface charge density, 592
- Frenkel defect, 66, 100
- Fresnel's equations, 793–803, 842
- Fresnel's optical indicatrix, defined, 829–832, 843
- extraordinary wave, 829
- ordinary wave, 829
- Frequency, resonant
- antiresonant, 645
- mechanical resonant, 645
- natural angular frequency, 664
- resonant angular frequency, 664
- Fuchs-Sondheimer equation, 170
- GaAs, 52, 386, 466
- Gas constant, 25
- Gas pressure (kinetic theory), 27
- Gauge factor, 434
- Gauss's law, 614–620, 654–658, 671
- Giant magnetoresistance (GMR), 744–748, 751, 760. *See also* Magnetoresistance table, 747
- Glasses, 78–82. *See also* Amorphous solids
- float spinning, 79
- GMR. *See* Giant magnetoresistance
- Grain, 70, 100
- Grain boundaries, 70–73, 100
- disordered, 72
- Grain coarsening (growth), 73
- Ground state, 215, 269
- energy, 215, 237
- Group index, 784–787, 842
- definition, 785
- Group velocity, 364, 784–787, 842
- in medium, 785
- in vacuum, 785
- Grüneisen's model of thermal expansion, 361–363
- Grüneisen's law, 362, 371
- Grüneisen's parameter (table), 363
- Gyromagnetic ratio, 687
- Hall coefficient, 146, 178, 359
- for ambipolar conduction, 158
- for intrinsic Si, 158–159
- Hall devices, 145–148
- Hall effect, 145–148, 178, 185–186
- in semiconductors, 156–159, 468
- Hall field, 146
- Hall mobility, 148
- Hard disk storage, 750–752
- magnetic bit tracks, 751
- magnetoresistance sensor, 751
- thin film heads, 752
- Hard magnetic materials, 724–729, 761
- design, 768–769
- neodymium-iron-boron, 727
- rare earth cobalt, 726–727
- single domain particles, 724, 761
- table, 724
- Harmonic oscillator, 337–342, 364
- average energy, 343
- energy, 338
- potential energy of, 338
- Schrodinger equation, 338
- zero point energy, 339, 365
- Heat, 41, 100
- Heat capacity, 28, 100
- Heat current, 153
- Heat of fusion, 84
- Heat, thermal fluctuation and noise, 40–45
- noise in an RLC circuit, 44
- rms noise voltage, 44
- thermal equilibrium, 40
- Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, 217–220, 269, 277
- for energy and time, 219
- for position and momentum, 218
- Helium atom, 254–256
- Helium-neon laser, 261–264
- efficiency, 264
- Hervé-Vandamme relationship, 845
- Heterogeneous media, 667–669
- Lichtenecker formula, 668
- logarithmic mixture rules, 668
- Maxwell-Garnett formula, 669
- Heterogeneous mixture (multiphase solid), 139–143, 178
- Heterojunction, 547, 571
- Heterostructure devices, 544, 547
- confining layers, 548
- double heterostructure, 547
- Hexagonal crystals, 52, 97
- HP resistance of conductor, 163–166
- Hole, 155, 302, 373, 376–378, 455–456
- concentration in VB, 382, 391–392
- current due to, 419
- diffusion current density, 418
- diffusion length, 483
- effective mass, 380, 456
- mean recombination time ( $\tau_n$  junction), 487
- mobility, 380
- Homogeneous mixture, 178–179
- Homojunction, 547, 571
- Host excitation, 822
- Host matrix, 820, 843
- Human eye, 273–275
- photopic vision, 273
- scotopic vision, 273
- Hund's rule, 256–258, 269, 281
- Hybrid orbital, 300
- Hybridization, 300
- Hydrogen bond, 19
- Hydrogenated amorphous silicon. *See* a-Si:H
- Hydrogenic atom, 231–253
- electron wavefunctions, 231–236
- line spectra, 278
- Hysteresis loop, 715–719, 761
- energy dissipated per unit volume, 718–719
- loss, 761, 766
- Image charges theorem, 332
- Impact ionization, 503, 571
- Impurities, 64–66
- Incandescence, 820
- Inductance, 163, 693–694
- of a solenoid, 763
- toroid, 694, 723, 765
- Infinite potential well, 212–217
- Insulation strength. *See also* Dielectric breakdown
- aging, 627, 671
- Integrated circuit (IC), 571
- Insulator, defined, 269
- of EM waves, 192
- of light, 192, 197–198, 799
- Interconnects, 172–176, 179, 188
- aspect ratio, 175
- effective multilevel capacitance, 174
- low-k dielectric materials, 175
- multilevel interconnect delay time, 175
- RC time constant, 173, 175–176
- Interfacial polarization. *See* Polarization
- Internal discharges. *See* Dielectric breakdown
- Internal reflection, 796–797, 800–801, 846
- Interplanar separation in cubic crystals, 851
- Interstitial site, 45, 101
- impurity, 66, 83–84
- Intrinsic angular momentum. *See* Angular momentum; Spin
- Intrinsic concentration ( $n_i$ ), 383, 462, 485
- Intrinsic semiconductors, 374–387, 462
- Invention, 532–535, 571. *See also* MOSFET
- Ion implantation, 541–543, 571
- Ionic conduction, 179
- Ionic crystals, 17
- Ionically bonded solids, 14–18, 104
- table, 21
- Ionization energy, 6, 15, 101, 237, 462
- for *n*th shell, 237
- of He<sup>+</sup>, 240
- Irradiance, 787–789
- average, 788, 842
- instantaneous, 788, 842
- Isoelectronic impurity, 546, 572
- Isomorphous, 101
- Isomorphous alloys, 83–88
- Isomorphous phase diagram, 84, 179
- Isotropic substance, 101

- Dielectric breakdown—Cont.**  
 thermal, 624, 673  
 water treeing, 627
- Dielectric materials.** 583–683  
 constant. *See* Relative permittivity  
 definition, 670  
 dispersion relation, 666  
 loss, 603–611, 670  
 loss table, 611  
 low- $\kappa$ , 175  
 properties (table), 678  
 strength, 584, 620–621, 670. *See also*  
 Dielectric breakdown  
 strength table, 621  
 volume efficiency, 634
- Dielectric mirrors.** 803, 842
- Dielectric mixtures.** 667–669  
 effective dielectric constant, 667  
 Lichteneker formula, 668  
 logarithmic mixture rules, 668  
 Maxwell-Garnett formula, 669
- Dielectric resonance.** 607, 662–667, 670  
 frictional force, 663  
 Lorentz dipole oscillator model, 664  
 natural angular frequency, 664  
 peak, 665  
 relaxation peak, 665  
 resonant angular frequency, 664  
 restoring force, 663  
 spring constant, 663
- Diffraction.** 269, 848–852. *See also* Bragg  
 diffraction condition  
 angle, 849  
 beam, 848  
 patterns (figure), 193, 852  
 study of crystal structure, 352–361,  
 849–852
- Diffraction grating.** 851
- Diffusion.** 46–49, 99, 416–422, 461, 571  
 coefficient, 48, 99, 420  
 current, 484  
 current density, 416, 418  
 diffusion length, 424, 427, 483  
 mean free path, 416–417
- Diffusion capacitance.** 500–502, 571  
 diode action, 501  
 dynamic conductance, 501  
 dynamic (incremental) resistance,  
 500, 571
- Diffusion coefficient.** 420
- Diode.** *See* *pn* Junction  
 action, 501  
 equation, 488  
 laser, 266–269  
 long, 572  
 photodiode, 564–566  
 short, 486, 572
- Dipolar (orientational) polarization.**  
 598–600, 660–662, 670
- Langmuir function.** 661–662  
 relaxation equation, 670  
 relaxation process, 604, 670  
 relaxation time, 604
- Dipole moment.** *See* Electric dipole  
 moment; Magnetic dipole moment
- Dipole relaxation.** 604–607, 670
- Dipole-dipole interaction.** 20–21
- Dirac, Paul Adrien Maurice.** 314
- Direct recombination capture  
 coefficient.** 469
- Dislocations.** 68–70, 99  
 edge, 68, 99  
 screw, 69, 102
- Dispersion relation.** 364, 666, 842. *See  
 also* Refractive index
- Dispersive medium.** 785, 842
- Domains.** *See* Ferromagnetism
- Donors.** 389, 461
- Doping.** 388–396  
 compensation, 392–394  
*n*-type, 384, 388–390  
*p*-type, 384, 390–392
- Doppler effect.** 265, 269
- Double-heterostructure (DH) device.** 547
- Drift mobility.** 117, 401–404  
 definition, 178  
 due to ionic conduction, 162  
 effective, 127, 403  
 impurity dependence, 401–404  
 impurity-scattering-limited, 127, 403, 462  
 lattice-scattering-limited, 127, 402, 463  
 tables, 146, 386  
 temperature dependence, 401–404
- Drift velocity.** 114, 118, 121, 157,  
 178, 379
- Drude model.** 114–122, 319
- Dulong-Petit rule.** 30, 344
- Dynamic (incremental) resistance.**  
 500–502, 571
- Early effect.** 512, 570
- Early voltage.** 538
- Eddy currents and losses.** 760, 766
- Effective mass.** 303–305, 364, 379,  
 453–455, 462
- EHP.** *See* Electron-hole pairs
- Eigenenergy.** 214
- Eigenfunction.** 210
- Einstein relation.** 188, 419, 462
- E-k* diagrams.** 448–452
- Elastic modulus.** 24–25, 100
- Electric dipole moment.** 19, 100, 583,  
 585–589, 670  
 definition, 19, 100, 670  
 induced, 20, 586, 779–780  
 in nonuniform electric field, 674–675  
 permanent, 15, 19, 598  
 relaxation time, 604
- Electric displacement.** 654–658  
 depolarizing factor, 657  
 depolarizing field, 657
- Electric susceptibility.** 591, 671
- Electrical conductivity.** 178, 180–181
- Electrical contacts.** 143–144
- Electrical noise.** 42–45, 108. *See also* Noise  
 Johnson resistor noise equation, 44  
 rms noise voltage, 44
- Electrochemical potential.** 321
- Electrodeposition.** 167
- Electroluminescence.** 544, 820, 843  
 injection, 823
- Electromechanical coupling factor.** 642
- Electromigration.** 172  
 accelerated failure tests, 177  
 of Al-Cu interconnects, 189  
 barrier, 177  
 definition, 178  
 hillock, 177  
 mean time to 50 percent failure, 177  
 rate, 177  
 void, 177
- Electromigration and Black's equation.**  
 176–177
- Electron**  
 average energy in CB, 385, 462  
 average energy in metal, 317, 363  
 concentration in CB, 382, 388–390, 392  
 conduction electrons, 115, 155, 181, 299  
 confined, 212–217  
 crystal momentum 451, 454, 813–814  
 current due to, 419  
 diffraction in crystals, 352–361  
 diffraction patterns, 206  
 diffusion current density, 418  
 effective mass, 303–305, 364, 379,  
 453–455, 462
- effective speed in metals, 317  
 energy in hydrogenic atom, 236–241  
 energy in metals, 317  
 Fermi-Dirac statistics, 123  
 gas, 295  
 group velocity, 454  
 magnetic dipole moment, 248–252  
 mean recombination time (*pn* junction),  
 487  
 mobility, 379  
 momentum, 214  
 motion and drift, 452–453  
 in a potential box, 228–230  
 spin, 245–247, 271  
 spin resonance (ESR), 280  
 standing wave, 353  
 surface scattering, 168–172  
 as a wave, 205–212, 352–354  
 wavefunction in hydrogenic atom,  
 231–236  
 wavefunction in infinite PE well, 229  
 wavelength, 207
- Electron affinity.** 6, 100, 375, 436, 462
- Electron beam deposition.** 80, 167
- Electron drift mobility.** *See* Drift mobility
- Electron spin resonance (ESR).** 280
- Electronegativity.** 22, 100
- Electron-hole pairs.** 376–378  
 generation, 302, 376–378, 383, 410–414  
 mean thermal generation time, 490  
 recombination, 377–378, 412, 457–458
- Electronic impurity.** 546
- Electronic (quantum) state.** 234, 247
- Electro-optic effects.** 837–841, 842  
 field induced refractive index, 838  
 Kerr effect, 838, 842  
 noncentrosymmetric crystals, 838  
 Pockels effect, 838, 843
- Electromechanical.** 431, 463
- Energy bands.** 291–295, 305–308  
 energy density, 269, 695
- Energy gap ( $E_g$ ).** *See* Bandgap
- Energy quantized.** 214, 236–241  
 ground state energy, 215  
 in the crystal, 462  
 infinite potential well, 230
- Energy versus crystal momentum plot.** *See*  
*E-k* diagrams
- Epitaxial layer.** 544, 571
- Equilibrium.** 100
- Equilibrium state.** 41, 100
- Eutectic composition.** 93, 100
- Eutectic phase diagrams.** 90–95
- Eutectic point.** 91
- Eutectic transformation.** 92
- Evanescent wave.** 798  
 attenuation coefficient, 798  
 penetration depth, 799
- Excess carrier concentration.** 410, 462,  
 468–469
- Exchange integral.** 702
- Exchange interaction.** 700–703, 760
- Excitation**  
 activator, 822  
 host, 822
- Excited atom.** 6
- Extended states.** 458, 462
- External quantum efficiency.** 571
- External reflection.** 798, 801–802, 846
- Extinction coefficient.** 805, 842
- Extrinsic semiconductors.** 388–396, 462,  
 464–465
- Family of directions in a crystal.** 58
- Family of planes in a crystal.** 59
- Fermi energy.** 294, 314, 317, 320–322,  
 364, 366, 435–436, 462  
 in intrinsic semiconductor, 384

- in a metal, 315–317  
table, 295
- Fermi surface, 359
- Fermi-Dirac statistics, 123, 312–315, 364
- Ferrimagnetism, 700, 760
- Ferrite antenna, 767–768
- Ferrites, 723, 760, 767–768. *See also* Ferrimagnetism
- Ferroelectric crystals, 647–653, 671  
ferroelectric axis, 649
- Ferromagnetism, 699, 760  
closure domains, 706  
domain wall energy, 709–711, 760, 764–765  
domain wall motion, 712–713  
domain walls, 706, 708–711, 760  
domains, 699, 705–706, 761  
electrostatic interaction energy, 701  
energy band model, 742–744  
magnetocrystalline anisotropy, 706–708  
materials table, 704  
ordering, 699  
origin, 700–703  
polycrystalline materials, 713–717
- Fick's first law, 418
- Field assisted tunneling probability, 334
- Field effect transistor, 571. *See* JFET; MOSFET
- Field emission, 332–337, 364
- Field emission tip, 335  
anode, 335  
gate, 335  
Spindt tip cathode, 335
- Field enhancement factor, 370
- Fluence  
energy, 275  
photon, 276
- Fluorescence, 820, 842
- Flux, defined, 269  
luminous, 853  
of particles, 416  
of photons, 198, 853  
photometric, 853  
radiant, 853
- Flux quantization, 758–759
- Forward bias, 487–489. *See also* pn Junction
- Fourier's law, 150, 178
- Fowler-Nordheim  
anode current, 335  
equation, 334  
field emission current, 370
- Fraunhofer, 244–245
- Free surface charge density, 592
- Frenkel defect, 66, 100
- Fresnel's equations, 793–803, 842
- Fresnel's optical indicatrix, defined, 829–832, 843  
extraordinary wave, 829  
ordinary wave, 829
- Frequency, resonant  
antiresonant, 645  
mechanical resonant, 645  
natural angular frequency, 664  
resonant angular frequency, 664
- Fuchs-Sondheimer equation, 170
- GaAs, 52, 386, 466
- Gas constant, 25
- Gas pressure (kinetic theory), 27
- Gauge factor, 434
- Giuss's law, 614–620, 654–658, 671
- Giant magnetoresistance (GMR), 744–748, 751, 760. *See also* Magnetoresistance table, 747
- Glasses, 78–82. *See also* Amorphous solids  
melt spinning, 79
- GMR. *See* Giant magnetoresistance
- Grain, 70, 100
- Grain boundaries, 70–73, 100  
disordered, 72
- Grain coarsening (growth), 73
- Ground state, 215, 269  
energy, 215, 237
- Group index, 784–787, 842  
definition, 785
- Group velocity, 364, 784–787, 842  
in medium, 785  
in vacuum, 785
- Grüneisen's model of thermal expansion, 361–363  
Grüneisen's law, 362, 371  
Grüneisen's parameter (table), 363
- Gyromagnetic ratio, 687
- Hall coefficient, 146, 178, 359  
for ambipolar conduction, 158  
for intrinsic Si, 158–159
- Hall devices, 145–148
- Hall effect, 145–148, 178, 185–186  
in semiconductors, 156–159, 468
- Hall field, 146
- Hall mobility, 148
- Hard disk storage, 750–752  
magnetic bit tracks, 751  
magnetoresistance sensor, 751  
thin film heads, 752
- Hard magnetic materials, 724–729, 761  
design, 768–769  
neodymium-iron-boron, 727  
rare earth cobalt, 726–727  
single domain particles, 724, 761  
table, 724
- Harmonic oscillator, 337–342, 364  
average energy, 343  
energy, 338  
potential energy of, 338  
Schrödinger equation, 338  
zero point energy, 339, 365
- Heat, 41, 100
- Heat capacity, 28, 100
- Heat current, 153
- Heat of fusion, 84
- Heat, thermal fluctuation and noise, 40–45  
noise in an RLC circuit, 44  
rms noise voltage, 44  
thermal equilibrium, 40
- Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, 217–220, 269, 277  
for energy and time, 219  
for position and momentum, 218
- Helium atom, 254–256
- Helium-neon laser, 261–264  
efficiency, 264
- Hervé-Vandamme relationship, 845
- Heterogeneous media, 667–669  
Lichtenecker formula, 668  
logarithmic mixture rules, 668  
Maxwell-Garnett formula, 669
- Heterogeneous mixture (multiphase solid), 139–143, 178
- Heterojunction, 547, 571
- Heterostructure devices, 544, 547  
confining layers, 548  
double heterostructure, 547
- Hexagonal crystals, 52, 97
- HIF resistance of conductors, 163–166
- Hole, 155, 302, 373, 376–378, 455–456  
concentration in VB, 382, 391–392  
current due to, 419
- diffusion current density, 418  
diffusion length, 483  
effective mass, 380, 456  
mean recombination time (pn junction), 487  
mobility, 380
- Homogeneous mixture, 178–179
- Homojunction, 547, 571
- Host excitation, 822
- Host matrix, 820, 843
- Human eye, 273–275  
photopic vision, 273  
scotopic vision, 273
- Hund's rule, 256–258, 269, 281
- Hybrid orbital, 300
- Hybridization, 300
- Hydrogen bond, 19
- Hydrogenated amorphous silicon. *See* a-Si:H
- Hydrogenic atom, 231–253  
electron wavefunctions, 231–236  
line spectra, 278
- Hysteresis loop, 715–719, 761  
energy dissipated per unit volume, 718–719  
loss, 761, 766
- Image charges theorem, 332
- Impact ionization, 503, 571
- Impurities, 64–66
- Incandescence, 820
- Inductance, 163, 693–694  
of a solenoid, 763  
toroid, 694, 723, 765
- Infinite potential well, 212–217
- Insulation strength. *See also* Dielectric breakdown  
aging, 627, 671
- Integrated circuit (IC), 571
- Intensity, defined, 269  
of EM waves, 192  
of light, 192, 197–198, 799
- Interconnects, 172–176, 179, 188  
aspect ratio, 175  
effective multilevel capacitance, 174  
low-k dielectric materials, 175  
multilevel interconnect delay time, 175  
RC time constant, 173, 175–176
- Interfacial polarization. *See* Polarization
- Internal discharges. *See* Dielectric breakdown
- Internal reflection, 796–797, 800–801, 846
- Interplanar separation in cubic crystals, 851
- Interstitial site, 45, 101  
impurity, 66, 83–84
- Intrinsic angular momentum. *See* Angular momentum; Spin
- Intrinsic concentration ( $n_i$ ), 383, 462, 485
- Intrinsic semiconductors, 374–387, 462
- Inversion, 532–535, 571. *See also* MOSFET
- Ion implantation, 541–543, 571
- Ionic conduction, 179
- Ionic crystals, 17
- Ionically bonded solids, 14–18, 104  
table, 21
- Ionization energy, 6, 15, 101, 237, 462  
for  $n$ th shell, 237  
of He<sup>+</sup>, 240
- Irradiance, 787–789  
average, 788, 842  
instantaneous, 788, 842
- Isoelectronic impurity, 546, 572
- Isomorphous, 101
- Intrinsic semiconductors, 83–88
- Isomorphous phase diagram, 84, 179
- Isotropic substance, 101

- JFET**, 522–532, 571  
 amplifier, 528–532, 577  
 channel, 523, 570  
 characteristics, 524, 528  
 common source amplifier, 529  
 constant current region, 528  
 current saturation region, 528  
 drain, 522  
 drain current, 523  
 field effect, 528  
 gate, 522  
 general principles, 522–528  
 nonlinearity, 532  
 pentode region, 528  
 pinch-off condition, 525–526  
 pinch-off voltage, 524, 572, 576–577  
 quiescent point, 529  
 source, 522  
 transconductance, 531  
 voltage gain, small-signal, 531
- Johnson resistor noise equation**, 44
- Josephson effect**, 756–758  
 de characteristics, 757  
 definition of 1 V, 758
- Joule's law**, 179
- Junction field effect transistor**. *See* **JFET**
- k*. *See* **Wavevector**
- Kamerlingh Onnes, Heike**, 730
- Kerr effect**, 838, 842  
 coefficients, table, 840
- Kilby, Jack**, 474
- Kinetic (molecular) theory**, 25–36, 101  
 degree of freedom, 28  
 equipartition of energy theorem, 28  
 heat capacity, 28. *See also* **Dulong-Petit rule**  
 mean kinetic energy, 27–28  
 mean speed, 27, 30–31, 115  
 thermal fluctuations, 40–45
- Kossel model**, 74
- Kramers-Kronig relations**, 806, 842–843
- Lamellae**, 93
- Langevin function**, 661–662
- Lasers**, 258–267, 269–270  
 cavity modes, 265  
 diode, 266–269  
 Doppler effect, 265  
 He-Ne laser. *See* **Helium-neon laser**  
 lasing emission, 261  
 linewidth, 265  
 long-lived states, 260  
 metastable state, 260  
 output spectrum, 265–267  
 population inversion, 259  
 pump energy level, 260  
 pumping, 260, 270  
 semiconductor, 475, 566–569  
 single-frequency, 569  
 single-mode, 569  
 stimulated emission, 259, 271  
 threshold current, 569
- Lattice**, 50, 95, 101. *See also* **Bravais lattices**  
 cut-off frequency, 340  
 energy, 18  
 parameter, 50, 56, 96, 101  
 space, 95  
 waves, 337–342, 347, 364
- Lattice vibrations**, 339–350  
 density of states, 343, 363  
 heat capacity, 344  
 internal energy, 343  
 modes, 341–342, 364  
 state, 341, 364
- Lattice-scattering-limited conductivity**, 124
- Laue technique**, 850
- Law of the junction**, 482–483, 572
- Lennard-Jones 6–12 potential energy curve**, 23
- Lever rule**, 144
- Lichteneker formula**, 668
- Light absorption**, 804–811  
 and conductivity, 808
- Light as wave**, 191–194
- Light emitting diodes (LEDs)**, 475, 543–551  
 characteristics, 548–551  
 electroluminescence, 544  
 external efficiency, 546  
 heterojunction high intensity, 547–548  
 linewidth, 549, 572, 579  
 materials, 546  
 principles, 543–546  
 spectral linewidths, 550–551, 579  
 substrate, 544  
 turn-on (cut-in) voltage, 550, 573
- Light propagation**, 804–805  
 attenuated, 805  
 conduction loss, 805  
 lossless, 804
- Light scattering**, 804, 816–817, 844
- Light waves**, 774–776
- Line defects**, 68–70  
 strain field, 68
- Linear combination of atomic orbitals (LCAO)**, 287, 364
- Liquidus curve**, 85
- Local field**, 593–594, 658–660, 671–672
- Localized states**, 459, 463
- Long range order**, 49, 78
- Lonsdaleite**, 62
- Lorentz dipole oscillator model**, 664
- Lorentz equation**, 658–660
- Lorentz field**, 593–594
- Lorentz force**, 145, 179
- Lorenz number**, 150. *See also* **Wiedemann-Franz-Lorenz's law**
- Loss angle**, 610
- Loss tangent (factor)**, 607, 672
- Lumens**, 853
- Luminescence**, 820–825  
 activator, 820, 841  
 activator excitation, 822  
 cathodoluminescence, 820, 843  
 electroluminescence, 544, 820, 843  
 fluorescence, 820, 842  
 host excitation, 822  
 host matrix, 820, 843  
 phosphorescence, 821, 843  
 photoluminescence, 820, 843  
 radiative recombination center, 822  
 Stoke's shift, 822, 844  
 X-ray, 820
- Luminescent (luminescence centers)**. *See* **Activator**
- Luminous efficacy**, 854
- Luminous (photometric) flux or power**, 270, 273, 853
- lumens**, 853
- Lyman series**, 278
- Madelung constant**, 17
- Magnet, permanent**, 768  
 table, 768  
 with yoke and air gap, 768–769
- Magnetic bit tracks**, 751
- Magnetic dipole moment**, 685–686, 761  
 atomic, 687–688  
 definition, 686  
 of electron, 248–252  
 orbital, 249, 687  
 per unit volume, 689  
 potential energy, 249–250  
 spin, 249, 687
- Magnetic domains**. *See* **Ferromagnetism**
- Magnetic field (B)**, 179, 761, 787–789  
 in a gap, 771  
 intensity, 691–692  
 transverse, 793
- Magnetic field intensity (strength)**. *See* **Magnetizing field (H)**
- Magnetic flux**, 693, 761  
 quantization, 758–759
- Magnetic flux density**. *See* **Magnetic field**
- Magnetic induction**. *See* **Magnetic field**
- Magnetic materials classification**, 696–700  
 amorphous, 722  
 soft and hard materials, 719–721  
 table, 697
- Magnetic moment**. *See* **Magnetic dipole moment**
- Magnetic permeability**, 179, 692–696, 761. *See also* **Relative permeability quantities table**, 693  
 relative, 692, 762
- Magnetic pressure**, 769–770
- Magnetic quantities and units**, table, 693
- Magnetic quantum number**, 232, 270
- Magnetic recording**, 749–756  
 fringing magnetic field, 749, 771  
 general principles, 749–750, 770–771  
 hard disk storage, 750–752  
 head materials, 752–753  
 inductive recording heads, 749  
 longitudinal recording, 749  
 magnetic bit tracks, 751  
 materials tables, 754, 755  
 storage media, 753–756, 770–771  
 thin film heads, 752
- Magnetic susceptibility**, 692–696, 762
- Magnetism and energy band diagrams**, 740–744  
 Energy band model of ferromagnetism, 742–744  
 Pauli-Spin paramagnetism, 740–742
- Magnetization current**, 690, 762
- Magnetization of matter**, 685–696
- Magnetization vector (M)**, 688–690, 762  
 and surface currents, 690, 762
- Magnetization versus H**, 713–717  
 coercivity, 715, 759  
 initial magnetization, 716  
 remanent (residual), 715, 762–763  
 saturation, 703–704, 717, 763
- Magnetizing field (H)**, 691–692, 761  
 conduction current, 691
- Magneto-crystalline anisotropy**, 706–708, 762  
 easy direction, 706, 708, 760  
 energy, 708, 762  
 hard direction, 708, 761
- Magnetometer**, 179
- Magnetoresistance**, anisotropic and giant, 744–748, 762  
 current in plane (CIP), 747  
 ferromagnetic layer, 745  
 spacer, 745  
 spin valve, 747
- Magnetostatic energy**, 705, 762  
 density, 696  
 per unit volume, 694–696
- Magnetostriction**, 711–712, 762  
 saturation strain, 711
- Magnetostrictive energy**, 711, 762  
 constant, 711
- Majority carrier**, 410, 463
- Mass action law (semiconductors)**, 383, 463  
 with bandgap narrowing, 576
- Mass fractions**, 8–9, 88

- Matthiessen's rule, 125–134, 179, 181  
 combined with Nordheim's rule, 137, 142–143
- Maxwell's equations, 774
- Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution function, 37–39
- Maxwell's principle of equipartition of energy, 28, 42–43
- Mayadas-Shatzkes formula, 168
- Mean free path  
 of electron, 122, 123, 179  
 in polycrystalline sample, 168  
 in thin film, 169  
 of gas molecules, 106–107
- Mean free time, 117, 119, 121, 179
- Mean frequency of collisions, 118
- Mean kinetic energy and temperature, 25–31
- Mean scattering time. *See* Mean free time
- Mean speed of molecules, 39–40
- Mean square free time, 121
- Mean thermal expansion coefficient, 35
- Mechanical work, 101
- Meissner effect, 731, 762
- Melt spinning, 79
- Metallic bonding, 13, 101
- Metallurgical junction (semiconductors), 476, 572
- Metal-metal contacts, 320–322
- Metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS), 532–535, 572. *See also* MOSFET  
 threshold voltage, 539–541, 573
- Metal-oxide semiconductor field effect transistor. *See* MOSFET
- Metals, band theory, 352–361  
 free electron model of, 315–317  
 quantum theory of, 315–320
- Müller indices, 58–61, 101
- Minority carrier, 410–416, 463  
 diffusion, 483  
 diffusion length, 463  
 excess concentration of, 410–416  
 injection, 407–416, 475, 481–483, 572  
 lifetime, 412, 463  
 profiles (hyperbolic), 574  
 recombination time, 412, 573
- Miscibility, 101
- Mixed bonding, 22–25
- Mixture rules, 139–144, 184
- Mobility. *See* Drift mobility
- Mode number, 265
- Modern theory of solids, 285–371
- Molar fractions, 8
- Molar heat capacity, 28, 101, 343
- Mole, 8, 101
- Molecular orbital, 286
- Molecular orbital theory of bonding, 285–290  
 hydrogen molecule, 285–289
- Molecular orbital wavefunction, 364
- Molecular solids, 21
- Molecular speeds, distribution (Stem-type experiment), 36
- Molecular velocity and energy distribution, 36–40
- Monoclinic crystals, 97
- Moseley relation, 279
- MOSFET, 532–543, 572  
 accumulation, 570  
 amplifier, 577–578  
 depletion layer, 532–534, 571  
 early voltage, 538  
 enhancement, 535–539, 571  
 field effect and inversion, 532–535  
 inversion layer, 534  
 ion implanted, 541–543  
 MOST, 572
- NMOS, 572
- PMOS, 572  
 silicon gate technology, 542  
 threshold voltage, 539–541, 573
- Moss's rule, 845
- Motion of a diatomic molecule, 28–29  
 rotational, 28–29  
 translational, 28–29
- Mott-Jones equations, 324
- Müller, K. Alex, 684
- Multilevel interconnect  
 delay time, 175  
 effective capacitance, 174  
 RC time constant, 175
- Nanotube, carbon, 63, 336, 370
- Natural (resonance) frequency of an atom, 780, 846
- Nearly free electron model, 449
- Néel temperature, 699
- Newton's second law, 25
- Nichrome, 135
- NMOS. *See* MOSFET
- Nondegenerate semiconductor, 406–407, 463
- Node, 215
- Noise, 40–45. *See also* Electrical noise
- Nonstoichiometry, 75–76
- Nordheim's coefficient, 136  
 table, 136
- Nordheim's rule, 134–139, 179, 182  
 combined with Matthiessen's rule, 137, 142–143
- Normalization condition in quantum mechanics, 214
- n*-type doping, 388–390  
 energy-band diagram, 389
- Nucleate (solidify), 84
- Ohm's law of electrical conduction, 118, 150
- Ohmic contacts, 443–448, 463
- Optic axis, 829–830, 843  
 principal, 827–828, 843
- Optical absorption, 427–431, 804–811, 841  
 absorption coefficient, 428, 813  
 band-to-band (interband), 429, 813–816  
 and conductivity, 808  
 free carrier, 805, 847  
 lattice, 811–812  
 penetration depth, 429, 813  
 Reststrahlen absorption, 811  
 upper cut-off wavelength, 813
- Optical activity, 835, 843  
 specific rotary power, 836
- Optical amplifiers, 267
- Optical anisotropy, 827–833, 841
- Optical fiber, 791, 817–819  
 attenuation in, 817–819  
 cladding, 791  
 in communications, 791–792  
 core, 791
- Optical fiber amplifiers, 267–268  
 Erbium ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$  ion) doped, 267, 282  
 long-lived energy level, 267
- Optical field, 774
- Optical indicatrix. *See* Fresnel's optical indicatrix
- Optical power. *See* Radiant power
- Optical properties of materials, 773–847
- Optical pumping, 260, 270
- Optically isotropic media, 778  
 crystals, 827
- Orbital, 234, 270, 364  
 magnetic moment, 249
- Orbital wavefunction, 270, 364
- Oriental polarization. *See* Dipolar polarization
- Orthorhombic crystal, 97
- Parallel rule of mixtures, 140
- Paramagnetism, 698, 762  
 Pauli spin, 740–742, 764
- Parity, 216  
 even, 216  
 odd, 216
- Partial discharge, 618, 621–622, 672
- Particle flux, 416–420
- Particle statistics. *See* Statistics
- Paschen  
 curves, 677  
 series, 278
- Passivated Emitter Rear Locally diffused cells (PERL), 561–562
- Passive device, defined, 572
- Pauli exclusion principle, 115, 254–256, 270, 312–313, 701
- Pauli spin magnetization, 698, 740–742, 764
- Pauling scale of electronegativity, 22
- PECVD. *See* Plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition
- Peltier, coefficient, 447–448  
 device, 444  
 effect, 445, 463  
 figure of merit (FOM), 471–472  
 maximum cooling rate, 472
- Penetration depth, 429, 813
- Periodic array of points in space. *See* Crystal structure
- PERL. *See* Passivated Emitter Rear Locally diffused cells
- Permanent magnet, ( $BH$ )<sub>max</sub>, 727–729
- Permeability, absolute, 692. *See also* Magnetic permeability; Relative permeability  
 initial, 720–721, 761  
 maximum, 720–721, 762  
 relative, 692, 762
- Permittivity. *See* Relative permittivity
- Phase, 83, 101, 179  
 core structure, 87  
 core diagrams, 84–88, 101  
 equilibrium, 87  
 eutectic, 90–95  
 lever rule, 87  
 liquidus curve, 85  
 nonequilibrium cooling, 87  
 solidus curve, 85  
 tie line, 88
- Phonons, 337–352, 364, 409, 463, 815  
 dispersion relation, 340, 364  
 energy, 340  
 group velocity, 341  
 lattice cut-off frequency, 340  
 momentum, 340, 815  
 phosphors, 820–825, 843  
 table, 824
- Phosphorescence, 821, 843
- Photoconductivity, 414–416, 463
- Photodetectors, 475
- Photodiodes, 564–566
- Photoelectric effect, 194–199, 270, 276
- Photogeneration, 376, 410–412, 463  
 carrier kinetic energy, 473  
 steady state rate, 469
- Photoinjection, 463
- Photometric flux. *See* Luminous flux or power
- Photometry, 853
- Photon, 191–205, 270, 272  
 efficiency, quantum, 276  
 energy, 196, 200  
 flux, 198, 853  
 momentum, 199, 200  
 picture, 198



- Photon amplification, 258–261  
 Photovoltaic devices, principles, 551–559.  
   See also Solar cell  
 Photoresponse time, 413–414  
 Physical vapor deposition (PVD), 167  
 Physinsorption, 74  
 Piezoelectric  
   antiresonant frequency, 645  
   bender, 680  
   coefficients, 641, 681  
   detectors, 681  
   electromechanical coupling factor, 642  
   inductance, 646  
   materials, 672  
   mechanical resonant frequency, 645  
   poling, 643, 672  
   properties table, 642  
   quartz oscillators and filters, 644–647  
   spark generator, 643–644  
   transducer, 641, 673  
   voltage coefficient, 644, 680  
 Piezoelectricity, 638–647  
   center of symmetry, 639  
   nanosymmetric, 640  
 Piezoresistive strain gauge, 434–435  
 Piezoresistivity, 431–435, 463, 470  
   Cantilever equations, 470  
   diaphragm, 434  
   piezoresistive coefficient, 433, 463  
*p-n* Diodes, 564–566  
   depletion layer capacitance, 564  
 Pinch-off, 524–528, 537, 572, 576–577  
 Planar concentration of atoms, 60, 101, 109–110  
 Planar defects, 70–73  
 Planck, Max, 203  
   constant, 196  
 Plane of incidence, 793  
 Plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PECVD), 82  
 PLZT, 672  
 PMOS. See MOSFET  
*p-n* Junction, 476–493  
   band diagram, 494–498  
   built-in potential, 478–480  
   depletion capacitance, 498–499, 571  
   depletion region, 477, 571  
   depletion region width, 479, 498  
   diffusion capacitance, 500–502  
   diffusion current, 481–487  
   forward bias, 481–487, 571  
   heterojunction, 547  
   homojunction, 547  
   ideal diode equation, 485  
   ideality factor, 488  
   incremental resistance, 500–502  
   *I-V* characteristics, 497  
   *I-V* for Ge, Si and GaAs, 486, 489  
   no bias, 476–481  
   recombination current, 488, 572  
   reverse bias, 489–493  
   reverse saturation current, 485, 490, 572  
   short diode, 486  
   space charge layer (SCL), 477, 571  
   storage capacitance. See Diffusion capacitance  
   temperature dependence, 574  
   total current, 487–489  
   total reverse current, 491  
*p-n* Junction band diagrams 494–498  
   built-in voltage from band diagrams, 498  
   forward and reverse bias, 495–498  
   open circuit, 494–495  
 Pockels cell phase modulator, 840, 847  
 Pockels effect, 838, 843  
   coefficients, table, 840  
 Point defects, 64–68  
   Frenkel, 66  
   impurities, 64–68  
   interstitial, 66  
   Schottky, 66  
   substitutional, 65  
   thermodynamic, 64  
 Poisson ratio, 186  
 Polar molecules, 19  
 Polarizability, 586, 588, 781. See Polarization  
   defined, 586, 672  
   dipolar (orientation), 662  
   ionic, 664  
   orientational, 662  
   table, 588  
 Polarization, 101, 583–603  
   charges, 591  
   definition, 585–586, 672  
   dipolar, 598–600, 660–662, 670  
   electronic, 585–589, 595–596, 671, 781  
   electronic bond, 671  
   induced, 586, 664, 671  
   interfacial, 600–601, 671  
   ionic, 597–598, 602, 662–667, 671, 811  
   mechanisms, 597–603  
   orientational. See Polarization, dipolar  
   relaxation peak, 665  
   table, 602  
   total, 601–603  
   vector, 589–593, 672  
 Polarization angle. See Brewster's angle  
 Polarization modulator, 841  
   halfwave voltage, 841  
 Polarization of EM wave, 796, 825–827, 843  
   circular, 826, 841  
   elliptical, 827  
   linear, 796, 825  
   plane, 825  
 Polarized molecule, 20  
 Poling, 643, 672  
 Polycrystalline films and grain boundary scattering, 167–168  
 Polymorphism, 61, 102  
 Polysilicon gate (poly-Si), 541–543, 572  
 Population inversion, 259, 270. See also Lasers  
 Powder technique, 851  
 Poynting vector, 787–789, 843  
 Primary  $\alpha$ , 94  
 Primary bonds, 18  
 Principal optic axis, 827–828  
 Principal refractive index, 827  
 Probability. See Statistics  
 Probability of electron scattering, 119  
 Probability per unit energy, 39  
 Prosectae (primary  $\alpha$ ), 94  
 Properties of electrons in a band, 296–299  
 Property, definition, 102  
*p-type* doping, 390–392  
   energy-band diagram, 391  
 Pumping, 260, 270  
 PV work, 101  
 Pyroelectric, crystals, 647–653  
   coefficients, 650  
   current density, 652  
   current responsivity, 652  
   detector, 651–652, 681–682  
   electric time constant, 682  
   material, 672  
   table, 650  
   thermal time constant, 682  
   voltage responsivity, 652  
 PZT, 672, 681  
 Q-factor, 672  
 Quantization  
   of angular momentum, 241–245  
   of energy, 230, 236–241  
   space, 241–245, 247  
 Quantum leak. See Tunneling  
 Quantum numbers, 214, 232  
   magnetic, 232, 241, 270  
   orbital angular momentum, 232, 241–245, 270  
   principal, 232, 270  
   quantum state, 234  
   spin magnetic, 246, 271  
 Quantum physics, 191–283  
   harmonic oscillator, 337–342  
   tunneling, 221–228, 271, 278  
 Quartz oscillators and filter, 644–647  
 Quartz crystal  
   equivalent circuit, 646  
   inductance, 647  
 Quiescent point, 529  
 Radial function, 233–236  
 Radial probability density, 233  
   function, 236  
 Radiant, 270  
   flux, 269, 271, 853  
   power, 271  
 Radiant emittance, 203. See also Black-body radiation  
 Radiation, 271  
   brightness, 853–854  
 Radiative recombination center, 822  
 Radiometry, 853  
   flux in, 269, 853  
 Random motion, 416–422  
 Rare earth cobalt, magnets, 726  
 Rayleigh scattering, 816–817  
   in silica, 819  
 Rayleigh-Jeans law, 203  
 Recombination, 383, 407–409, 457–458, 463, 469  
   capture coefficient, direct, 469  
   current, 487–489, 572  
   direct, 407–409, 469  
   indirect, 407–409, 457–458  
   lifetime, 469  
   mean recombination time, 412, 487  
   and minority carrier injection, 407–416  
   rate, 469  
 Reflectance, 799–803, 807, 843  
   infrared, 811  
 Reflection of light, 793–799  
   coefficient, 793–799, 807, 843  
   external, 797, 801–802, 846  
   internal, 796, 797, 800–801, 846  
   at normal incidence, 796  
   phase changes, 795  
 Refracted light, 789–790, 843  
   phase changes, 795  
   transmission coefficients, 793–799, 844  
 Refractive index, 777–779, 844  
   complex, 804–811  
   definition, 777  
   dispersion relation, 773, 781–782, 842, 846  
   dispersion relation in diamond, 846  
   dispersion relation in GaAs, 783  
   field emission, 838  
   isotropic, 777  
   at low frequencies, 778  
   temperature coefficient, 845  
   versus wavelength, 779–784  
 Relative atomic mass. See Atomic mass  
 Relative permeability, 692, 762  
 Relative permittivity, 583, 584–585, 672, 673, 778, 781, 844

- complex, 605, 670, 804  
 definition, 584, 672  
 effective, 667  
 loss angle, 610  
 real and imaginary, 605–614  
 table, 602, 610
- Relaxation peak, 607  
 Relaxation process, 606  
 Relaxation time, 117, 179, 604, 672  
 Remanence. *See under* Magnetization  
 Remanent magnetization. *See under* Magnetization
- Residual resistivity, 128, 179  
 Resistivity, effective, 140  
 Resistivity index (n), 132  
 Resistivity of metals (Table), 129  
 due to impurities, 138  
 graph, 130
- Resistivity of mixtures and porous materials, 139–144  
 Resistivity of thin films, 167–172  
 Resistivity-mixture rule, 140, 142  
 Resonant frequency. *See* Frequency, resonant
- Reststrahlen absorption, 811–812  
 Reststrahlen band, 811
- Retarding plates, 833–835, 844, 847  
 half-wave retarder, 834  
 quarter-wave retarder, 835  
 quartz retarder, 835  
 relative phase shift, 834  
 retardation, defined, 834
- Reverse bias, 489–493, 572. *See also* *pn* Junction  
 RF heating, 77  
 Rhombohedral crystal, 97  
 Richardson-Dushman equation, 328–332, 333  
 Root mean square velocity, 40  
 Rydberg constant, 245
- Saturated solution, 102  
 Saturation of magnetism, 703–704  
 Schottky defect, 66, 102  
 Schottky effect, 332–337  
 Schottky coefficient, 333  
 Schottky junction, 435–443, 464  
 built-in electric field, 437  
 built-in potential, 437  
 depletion region, 437  
 diode, 435–440  
 energy band diagram, 436, 438, 440  
*I-V* characteristic, 438  
 Schottky barrier height, 437  
 Schottky junction equation, 440  
 solar cell, 440–443  
 space charge layer (SCL), 437
- Schrödinger's equation, 208–212, 271, 450  
 for three dimension, 209  
 time dependent, 208–209  
 time independent, 208–212, 271
- SCL. *See* Space charge layer  
 Screw dislocation, 69, 102  
 line, 69
- Secondary bonding, 18–22, 102  
 Secondary emission, 368–369  
 Seebeck effect, 322–328, 364–365  
 in semiconductors, 472–473  
 Mott and Jones equation, 324  
 Seebeck coefficient, 322–323
- Seed, 77  
 Selection rules, 242–243, 271  
 Sellmeier coefficients, 782  
 Sellmeier equation, 782, 845  
 Semiconductor bonding, 299–302
- Semiconductor devices, 475–581  
 ultimate limits to device performance, 578
- Semiconductor optical amplifiers, 566–569  
 active layer, 567  
 optical amplification, 568
- Semiconductors, 299–303, 373–473  
 conduction band (CB), 302  
 degenerate and non-degenerate, 406–407  
 direct and indirect bandgap, 448–458, 814–815  
 strain gauge, 434–435  
 tables, 366, 386  
 valence band (VB), 301
- Series rule of mixtures, 140
- Shell model, 3
- Shockley, William, 372, 473  
 Shockley equation, 485, 572  
 Short-range order, 79
- Silicon, 80, 299–301, 374–380  
 amorphous, 80–82, 459. *See also* a-Si:H  
 conduction band, 302  
 crystalline, 80–82  
 energy band diagram, 374  
 hybrid orbitals, 300  
 hydrogenated amorphous silicon (a-Si:H), 82, 459  
 properties (table), 674  
 valence band, 301  
 zone refining, 88–90
- Silicon gate technology. *See* Polysilicon gate
- Silicon single crystal growth, 76–77  
 Skin depth for conduction, 163  
 Skin effect in inductor, 166  
 Skin effect: HF resistance of conductor, 163–166, 179  
 at 60 Hz, 188
- Small signal equivalent circuit, 572
- Snell's law, 790–792, 844
- Soft magnetic materials, 721–724, 763  
 table, 722
- Solar cell, 475, 551–563, 581  
 antireflection coating, 551, 802–803, 841, 846  
 fill factor, 558, 571  
 finger electrodes, 551  
*I-V* characteristics, 556–557  
 load line, 557  
 materials, devices and efficiencies, 561–563  
 maximum power delivered, 580  
 normalized current and voltage, 580  
 open circuit voltage, 552, 558–559  
 operating point, 557  
 passivated emitter rear locally diffused cells (PERL), 561–562  
 photocurrent, 553, 572  
 photovoltaic device principles, 551–559  
 power delivered to the load, 557  
 Schottky junction, 440–443  
 series resistance, 559–561, 581  
 short circuit current, 556  
 shunt (parallel) resistance, 559–561, 581  
 total current, 556
- Solder (Pb-Sn), 90–95, 111
- Solid solution and Nordheim's rule, 134–139, 182  
 Cu-Au, 137  
 Cu-Ni, 135
- Solid solutions, 65, 83–95, 102, 179  
 interstitial, 84  
 isomorphous, 83  
 substitutional, 65
- Solidification, nucleation, 70
- Solidus curve, 85  
 Solute, 83, 102  
 Solvent, 83, 102  
 Solvus curve, 90  
 Sound velocity, 347  
 Space charge layer (SCL), 437, 477. *See also* *pn* Junction  
 Specific heat capacity, 31, 101  
 Spectral irradiance, 202  
 Spherical harmonic, 232  
 Spin, 245–247  
 of an electron (defined), 271  
 magnetic moment, 280  
 magnetic quantum number, 246  
 paired, 255  
 Stern-Gerlach experiment, 250
- Spin-orbit coupling, 280–281  
 potential energy, 281
- Spontaneous emission, 259, 271  
 Sputtering, 167
- SQUID, 731
- State, electronic, 234, 247, 271, 365  
 ground, 215  
 stationary state, 210
- Statistics, 312–315  
 Boltzmann classical statistics, 312–313, 363  
 Boltzmann tail, 315  
 Fermi-Dirac statistics, 123, 312–315, 364  
 of donor occupation, 390, 465  
 of dopant ionization, 400
- Stefan-Boltzmann law. *See* Blackbody radiation  
 Stefan's black body radiation law, 179, 203–204  
 Stefan's constant, 203–204
- Stimulated emission, 259, 271  
 Stoichiometric compounds, 75, 102  
 Stoichiometry, 75–76  
 Stoke's shift, 822, 844
- Strain, 24, 102  
 shear strain, 102  
 volume strain, 102
- Strain gauge, 186
- Stress, 24, 102  
 shear stress, 102
- Strong force, 4
- Substrate, 544, 572
- Superconducting solenoid, 737–739, 771
- Superconductivity, 685, 729–740, 763  
 critical current, 736–739, 769  
 critical magnetic field, 735, 760  
 critical surface, 737  
 critical temperature, 729, 760  
 high *T<sub>c</sub>* materials, 731, 736  
 Meissner effect, 729–733, 762  
 Meissner state, 734  
 origin, 739–740  
 penetration depth, 734  
 table, 736  
 type I and II, 733–736, 763  
 vortex state, 735  
 weak link, 757  
 zero resistance, 729–733
- Supercooled liquid, 78
- Surface current, 690  
 Surface polarization charges, 589  
 density, 590  
 Surface scattering, 168  
 Surface tracking, 628, 672. *See also* Dielectric breakdown
- Temperature coefficient of capacitance (TCC), 672, 677  
 Temperature coefficient of resistivity (TCR  $\alpha$ ), 125–134, 180, 182  
 definition, 128  
 metals (table), 129

- Temperature dependence of resistivity in pure metals, 122–125  
 Temperature of light bulb filament, 187  
 Ternary alloys, 545  
 Terrace-ledge-kink model. *See* Kossel model  
 Tetragonal crystals, 97  
 Thermal coefficient of linear expansion, 33, 102, 187  
 Thermal conduction, 149–154, 185  
 Thermal conductivity, 149–153, 180  
   Ag, 183  
   due to phonons, 348  
   graph (versus electrical conductivity), 150  
   of nonmetals, 348–350  
   table, 152  
 Thermal equilibrium, 40  
 Thermal equilibrium carrier concentration, 397, 464  
 Thermal evaporation, 167  
 Thermal expansion, 31–36, 102  
 Thermal expansion coefficient. *See* Thermal coefficient of linear expansion  
 Thermal fluctuations, 40–45  
 Thermal generation, 376  
 Thermal generation current, 572–573  
 Thermal radiation, 202. *See also* Blackbody radiation  
 Thermal resistance, 153–154, 180, 185  
 Thermal velocity, 40, 387, 401, 464  
 Thermalization, 427  
 Thermally activated conductivity, 161, 179  
 Thermally activated processes, 45–49, 161  
   activated state and activation energy, 46, 161  
   Arrhenius type behavior, 45  
   diffusion, 46  
   diffusion coefficient, 48  
   jump frequency, 47  
   root mean square displacement, 48  
 Thermionic emission, 328–332, 365, 369  
   constant, 331  
 Thermocouple, 322–328  
   equation, 325, 327–328, 369  
 Thermoelectric cooler, 443–448  
 Thermoelectric emf, 325, 327  
   metals (table), 326  
 Thermoelectric power, 322–323  
 Thin film, 180, 188  
 Thin film head, 752  
 Thin metal films, 166–172  
 Threshold voltage, 539–541, 573  
 Toroid, 693–696, 765  
 Total internal reflection (TIR), 789–792, 797, 844  
   critical angle, 791, 842  
   phase change in, 797  
 Transducer. *See* Piezoelectric, transducer  
 Transistor action, defined, 509, 573. *See also* Bipolar junction transistor  
 Transition temperature, 61  
 Transmission coefficient, 844  
 Transmittance, 799–803, 844  
 Transverse electric field, 793  
 Transverse magnetic field, 793  
 Trapping, 409  
 Triclinic crystal system, 97  
 Tunneling, 221–228, 271, 278  
   field-assisted probability, 334  
   probability, 223  
   reflection coefficient, 223  
   scanning tunneling microscope, 223–227  
   transmission coefficient, 222–223  
 Two-phase alloy resistivity, 143–144  
   Ag-Ni, 143  
 Two-phase solids, 83–95  
 Unharmonic effect, 34  
 Unharmonic oscillations, 34  
 Unharmonicity, 34, 349  
 Uniaxial crystals, 828  
 Unipolar conductivity, 118  
 Unit cell, 50, 56, 97, 102  
   hexagonal, 52  
 Unpolarized light, 796  
 Upper cut-off (threshold) wavelength, 813  
   graph, 814  
   table, 813  
 Vacancy, 64–68, 102, 110  
   concentration in Al, 67  
   concentration in semiconductor, 67–68  
 Vacuum deposition, 106–107  
 Vacuum level (energy), 292–295, 464  
 Vacuum tubes, 328–337  
   rectifier, 329  
   saturation current, 329  
 Valence band (VB), 301, 374–378, 464  
 Valence electrons, 5, 102  
 Valency of an atom, 5  
 van der Waals bond, 19–20  
   water (H<sub>2</sub>O), 20  
 van der Waals-London force, 19  
 Vapor deposition, 167. *See also* Physical vapor deposition  
 Varactor diodes, 499  
 Varshni equation, 467  
 VB. *See* Valence band  
 Velocity density (distribution) function, 37  
 Vibrational wave, 151  
 Virial theorem, 6, 7, 102–103  
 Vitreous silica, 78  
 Volume expansion, 35  
 Volume expansion coefficient, 35  
 Vortex state, 735  
 Wave, defined, 271–272  
   dispersion relation, 364, 666, 842  
   electromagnetic (EM), 191  
   energy densities in an EM, 787  
   equation, 272, 347  
   fields in EM, 787  
   group velocity, 341  
   incident, 793  
   lattice, 340  
   light waves, 774–776  
   longitudinal, 339  
   matter waves, 210  
   monochromatic plane EM, 774  
   phase, 774, 843  
   phase velocity, 776, 777, 843  
   propagation constant, 774  
   reflected, 793  
   transmitted, 793  
   transverse, 339  
   traveling, 192, 774–775  
   ultrasonic, 641  
   vibrational, 151  
 Wavefront, 774, 844  
 Wavefunction, 208–210  
   antisymmetric, 216  
   defined, 272  
   eigenfunction, 210  
   matter waves, 210  
   one-electron, 254  
   stationary states, 210  
   steady state total, 209  
   symmetric, 216  
 Wavenumber, 192, 774, 844. *See also* Wavevector  
 Wavepacket, 784, 844  
 Wavevector ( $k$ ), defined, 192, 272, 776, 844  
   of electron, 272, 450–456  
 Weak injection, 425  
 Weight fractions, 8–9, 88  
 White LED, 820–825  
 Wiedemann-Franz-Lorenz's law, 150  
 Wien's displacement law, 205, 277  
 Work function, 196, 272, 295, 365, 435–437, 443, 464  
   effective, 333  
   of a semiconductor, 384  
   table, 295, 369, 470  
 X-rays, 193–194, 199–202, 272, 275–276, 367, 848  
   diffraction, 849–852  
   energy fluence, 275  
   photon fluence, 276  
   radiography, 275  
   roentgen, 275  
 Young's double-slit experiment (figure), 193, 205  
 Young's fringes, 192  
 Young's modulus, 102. *See also* Elastic modulus  
 Zener breakdown, 502–506, 573  
 Zener effect, 505  
 Zero resistance, 729–733  
 Zero-point energy, 365  
 Zone refining, 88–90

"We have a habit in writing articles published in scientific journals to make the work as finished as possible, to cover up all the tracks, to not worry about the blind alleys or describe how you had the wrong idea first, and so on. So there isn't any place to publish, in a dignified manner, what you actually did in order to get to do the work."

Richard P. Feynman  
 Nobel Lecture, 1966